

COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2010

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
29-04-2010	PHYSICS	10.30 AM to 11.50 AM

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR CET NUMBER	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS	
	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
	A - 1	595409

DOs :

1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the Invigilator after the 2nd Bell, i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
4. The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

DON'Ts :

1. **THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/ MUTILATED / SPOILED.**
2. Until the 3rd Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m. :
 - Do not remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
 - Do not look inside this question booklet.
 - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have four different options / choices.
2. After the 3rd Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
3. During the subsequent 70 minutes :
 - Read each question carefully.
 - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available options / choices given under each question.
 - **Completely darken/shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALLPOINT PEN against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.**

CORRECT METHOD OF SHADING THE CIRCLE ON THE OMR SHEET IS AS SHOWN BELOW :



4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
5. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
6. After the **last bell** is rung at 11.50 a.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your **LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION** on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
7. Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room Invigilator as it is.
8. After separating and retaining the top sheet (KEA Copy), the Invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

PHYSICS

1. The dimensions of 'resistance' are same as those of where h is the Planck's constant, e is the charge.

1) $\frac{h}{e^2}$

2) $\frac{h}{e}$

3) $\frac{h^2}{e^2}$

4) $\frac{h^2}{e}$

2. A train is moving slowly on a straight track with a constant speed of 2 ms^{-1} . A passenger in that train starts walking at a steady speed of 2 ms^{-1} to the back of the train in the opposite direction of the motion of the train. So to an observer standing on the platform directly in front of that passenger, the velocity of the passenger appears to be

1) 2 ms^{-1} in the opposite direction of the train

2) zero

3) 4 ms^{-1} 4) 2 ms^{-1}

3. A ball rests upon a flat piece of paper on a table top. The paper is pulled horizontally but quickly towards right as shown. Relative to its initial position with respect to the table, the ball

a) remains stationary if there is no friction between the  paper and the ball.

b) moves to the left and starts rolling backwards, i.e. to the left if there is a friction between the paper and the ball.

c) moves forward, i.e. in the direction in which the paper is pulled.

Here, the correct statement/s is/are

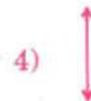
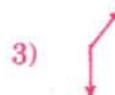
1) only a)

2) only b)

3) both a) and b)

4) only c)

4. A boy throws a cricket ball from the boundary to the wicket-keeper. If the frictional force due to air cannot be ignored, the forces acting on the ball at the position X are represented by



5. If the linear momentum of a body is increased by 50%, then the kinetic energy of that body increases by

1) 225%

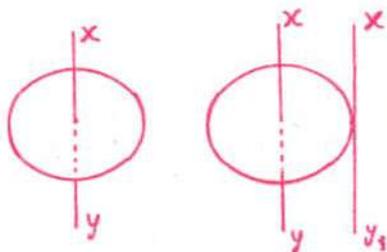
2) 25%

3) 100%

4) 125%

(Space for Rough Work)

6. The moment of inertia of a circular disc of radius 2 m and mass 1 kg about an axis passing through the centre of mass but perpendicular to the plane of the disc is 2 kgm^2 . Its moment of inertia about an axis parallel to this axis but passing through the edge of the disc is (See the given figure).

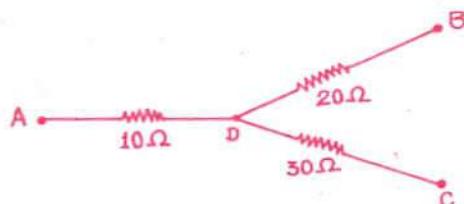


- 1) 10 kgm^2
- 2) 6 kgm^2
- 3) 8 kgm^2
- 4) 4 kgm^2

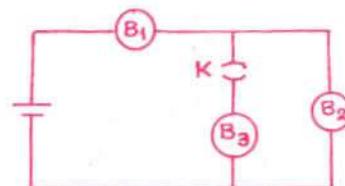
7. An astronaut on a strange planet finds that acceleration due to gravity is twice as that on the surface of Earth. Which of the following could explain this?
- 1) Both the mass and radius of the planet are twice as that of Earth.
 - 2) Mass of the planet is half as that of Earth, but radius is same as that of Earth.
 - 3) Both the mass and radius of the planet are half as that of Earth.
 - 4) Radius of the planet is half as that of Earth, but the mass is the same as that of Earth.
8. Which of the following substances has the highest elasticity?
- 1) Rubber
 - 2) Copper
 - 3) Sponge
 - 4) Steel
9. Three liquids of equal masses are taken in three identical cubical vessels A, B and C. Their densities are P_A , P_B and P_C respectively. But $P_A < P_B < P_C$. The force exerted by the liquid on the base of the cubical vessel is
- 1) the same in all the vessels
 - 2) maximum in vessel A
 - 3) maximum in vessel C
 - 4) minimum in vessel C
10. Water is in streamline flow along a horizontal pipe with nonuniform cross-section. At a point in the pipe where the area of cross-section is 10 cm^2 , the velocity of water is 1 ms^{-1} and the pressure is 2000 Pa. The pressure at another point where the cross-sectional area is 5 cm^2 is
- 1) 1000 Pa
 - 2) 500 Pa
 - 3) 4000 Pa
 - 4) 2000 Pa

(Space for Rough Work)

36. In the circuit given here, the points A, B and C are 70 V, zero, 10 V respectively. Then



- 1) currents in the paths AD, DB and DC are in the ratio of 1 : 2 : 3.
 - 2) currents in the paths AB, DB and DC are in the ratio of 3 : 2 : 1.
 - 3) the point D will be at a potential of 60 V.
 - 4) the point D will be at a potential of 20 V.
37. B_1 , B_2 and B_3 are the three identical bulbs connected to a battery of steady e.m.f. with key K closed. What happens to the brightness of the bulbs B_1 and B_2 when the key is opened?



- 1) Brightness of the bulb, B_1 decreases and that of B_2 increases.
 - 2) Brightness of the bulbs B_1 and B_2 decreases.
 - 3) Brightness of the bulbs B_1 increases and that of B_2 decreases.
 - 4) Brightness of the bulbs B_1 and B_2 increases.
38. Magnetic field at the centre of a circular coil of radius R due to current I flowing through it is B . The magnetic field at a point along the axis at distance R from the centre is

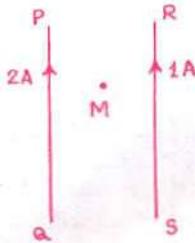
- 1) $\frac{B}{\sqrt{8}}$
- 2) $\sqrt{8}B$
- 3) $\frac{B}{2}$
- 4) $\frac{B}{4}$

39. Two thick wires and two thin wires, all of same material and same length, form a square in three different ways P, Q and R as shown in the figure. With correct connections shown, the magnetic field due to the current flow, at the centre of the loop will be zero in case of



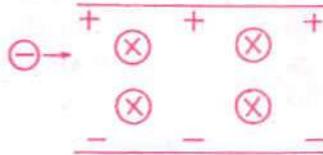
- 1) P and Q only
 - 2) P and R only
 - 3) Q and R only
 - 4) P only
40. There is a uniform magnetic field directed perpendicular and into the plane of the paper. An irregular shaped conducting loop is slowly changing into a circular loop in the plane of the paper. Then
- 1) AC is induced in the loop.
 - 2) no current is induced in the loop.
 - 3) current is induced in the loop in the anti-clockwise direction.
 - 4) current is induced in the loop in the clockwise direction.

41. PQ and RS are long parallel conductors separated by certain distance. M is the midpoint between them (see the figure). The net magnetic field at M is B . Now, the current $2A$ is switched off. The field at M now becomes



- 1) $\frac{B}{2}$
- 2) $3B$
- 3) $2B$
- 4) B

42. An electron enters the space between the plates of a charged capacitor as shown. The charge density on the plate is σ . Electric intensity in the space between the plates is E . A uniform magnetic field B also exists in that space perpendicular to the direction of E . The electron moves perpendicular to both \vec{E} and \vec{B} without any change in direction.

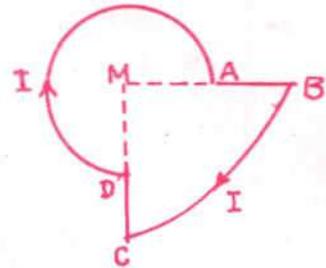


The time taken by the electron to travel a distance l in that space is

- 1) $\frac{\epsilon_0 l B}{\sigma}$
 - 2) $\frac{\epsilon_0 l}{\sigma B}$
 - 3) $\frac{\sigma l}{\epsilon_0 B}$
 - 4) $\frac{\sigma B}{\epsilon_0 l}$
43. In a series resonant R-L-C circuit, the voltage across R is 100 V and the value of $R = 1000 \Omega$. The capacitance of the capacitor is $2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}$; angular frequency of AC is 200 rad s^{-1} . Then the P.D. across the inductance coil is
- 1) 250 V
 - 2) 400 V
 - 3) 100 V
 - 4) 40 V
44. A capacitor and an inductance coil are connected in separate AC circuits with a bulb glowing in both the circuits. The bulb glows more brightly when
- 1) separation between the plates of the capacitor is increased.
 - 2) a dielectric is introduced into the gap between the plates of the capacitor.
 - 3) an iron rod is introduced into the inductance coil.
 - 4) the number of turns in the inductance coil is increased.
45. A horizontal metal wire is carrying an electric current from the north to the south. Using a uniform magnetic field, it is to be prevented from falling under gravity. The direction of this magnetic field should be towards the
- 1) east
 - 2) west
 - 3) north
 - 4) south

46. A current I is flowing through the loop. The direction of the current and the shape of the loop are as shown in the figure. The magnetic field at the centre of the loop is $\frac{\mu_0 I}{R}$ times ($MA = R$, $MB = 2R$, $\angle DMA = 90^\circ$)

- 1) $\frac{7}{16}$, but out of the plane of the paper.
- 2) $\frac{7}{16}$, but into the plane of the paper.
- 3) $\frac{5}{16}$, but out of the plane of the paper.
- 4) $\frac{5}{16}$, but into the plane of the paper.



47. An ideal choke draws a current of 8A when connected to an AC supply of 100 V, 50 Hz. A pure resistor draws a current of 10 A when connected to the same source. The ideal choke and the resistor are connected in series and then connected to the AC source of 150 V, 40 Hz. The current in the circuit becomes

- 1) 18A
- 2) 10A
- 3) $\frac{15}{\sqrt{2}}$ A
- 4) 8A

48. The spectrum of an oil flame is an example for

- 1) line absorption spectrum
- 2) band emission spectrum
- 3) line emission spectrum
- 4) continuous emission spectrum

49. According to Einstein's photoelectric equation, the graph of K.E. of the photoelectron emitted from the metal versus the frequency of the incident radiation gives a straight line graph, whose slope

- 1) is same for all metals and independent of the intensity of the incident radiation.
- 2) depends on the nature of the metal.
- 3) depends on the intensity of the incident radiation.
- 4) depends on the nature of the metal and also on the intensity of incident radiation.

50. An electron is moving in an orbit of a hydrogen atom from which there can be a maximum of six transitions. An electron is moving in an orbit of another hydrogen atom from which there can be a maximum of three transitions. The ratio of the velocity of the electron in these two orbits is

- 1) $\frac{5}{4}$
- 2) $\frac{3}{4}$
- 3) $\frac{1}{2}$
- 4) $\frac{2}{1}$

(Space for Rough Work)

51. ν_1 is the frequency of the series limit of Lyman series, ν_2 is the frequency of the first line of Lyman series and ν_3 is the frequency of the series limit of the Balmer series. Then

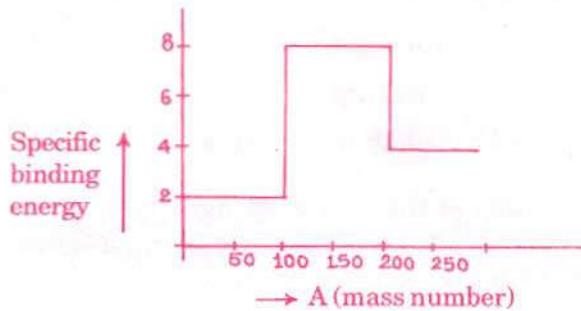
1) $\frac{1}{\nu_2} = \frac{1}{\nu_1} + \frac{1}{\nu_3}$

2) $\frac{1}{\nu_1} = \frac{1}{\nu_2} + \frac{1}{\nu_3}$

3) $\nu_1 - \nu_2 = \nu_3$

4) $\nu_1 = \nu_2 - \nu_3$

52. Assume the graph of specific binding energy versus mass number is as shown in the figure. Using this graph, select the correct choice from the following :



- 1) Fusion of two nuclei of mass number lying in the range of $1 < A < 50$ will release energy.
- 2) Fission of the nucleus of mass number lying in the range of $100 < A < 200$ will release energy when broken into two fragments.
- 3) Fusion of two nuclei of mass number lying in the range of $100 < A < 200$ will release energy.
- 4) Fusion of two nuclei of mass number lying in the range of $51 < A < 100$ will release energy.
53. Pick out the correct statement from the following :
- 1) Pu^{239} is not suitable for a fission reaction.
- 2) For stable nucleus, the specific binding energy is low.
- 3) Energy released per unit mass of the reactant is less in case of fusion reaction.
- 4) Packing fraction may be positive or may be negative
54. A radioactive sample S_1 having the activity A_1 has twice the number of nuclei as another sample S_2 of activity A_2 . If $A_2 = 2A_1$, then the ratio of half life of S_1 to the half life of S_2 is
- 1) 0.25 2) 0.75 3) 4 4) 2
55. When a neutron is disintegrated to give a β -particle,
- 1) a proton alone is emitted.
- 2) a proton and an antineutrino are emitted.
- 3) a neutrino alone is emitted.
- 4) a proton and neutrino are emitted.

COMMON ENTRANCE TEST – 2010

ANSWER KEYS – PHYSICS

DATE: 05-05-2010

Q. No	A-1	A-2	A-3	A-4	B-1	B-2	B-3	B-4	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	D-1	D-2	D-3	D-4
1	1	3	2	4	3	1	4	2	2	4	1	3	2	4	1	3
2	2	4	1	3	4	2	3	1	3	1	4	2	3	1	4	2
3	3	1	4	2	4	2	3	1	4	2	3	1	4	2	3	1
4	1	3	2	4	4	2	3	1	1	3	2	4	1	3	2	4
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60	4	2	3	1	1	3	2	4	2	4	1	3	2	4	1	3

NOTE: G - Indicates ONE grace mark will be awarded for that particular question.